## Micromobility x MDMS data sharing: Status quo, challenges & the way forward







#### **Introducing TIER**

# **TIER Mobility**

- **Leading multimodal** micromobility operator
- **Founded** in 2018
- **Headquartered** in Berlin
- Acquisition of European bikeshare leader Nextbike and US operator Spin to create largest and most diverse micro-mobility provider



135.000+ e-scooters e-bikes e-mopeds





80 mil° trips

18 countries

**170+ cities** 

## **TIER x MaaS data sharing: the way forward**



Standardizing
MDMS data sharing



Scoping data reporting to authorities



Enabling data reporting between MDMS partners



Allowing access to public transport

APIs



## **Standardizing data sharing**

## Status quo

- Data sharing at the very core of MaaS
- 40+ MaaS partnerships in over
   70 European cities with different integrations levels
- Data shared via several API standards & level of data shared depends on integration level

## **Challenges**

- Members states initiating the development of national MaaS data standards
- Complying with different MaaS data standards is a burdensome exercise
- Frequent technical issues behind MaaS data sharing

- Identify a European MaaS data-sharing standard to facilitate data communications and relieve integration efforts on the ecosystem
- TIER as a working group member of TOMP API





## Scoping data reporting to authorities

## **Status quo**

- Micromobility industry shares data with authorities on a voluntary and tender commitment basis
- Data sharing on: Fleet & trip monitoring, understanding users & usage, intermodality, safety, sustainability

## **Challenges**

- City data requests and needs vary greatly per city and markets
- Uncertainty in the standards framework for city data sharing
- Micromobility data primarily used for fleet monitoring and compliance purposes

- Draw lessons from micromobility industry to inform MDMS data reporting framework with authorities
- Design use case based framework for policy-driven data reporting
- Avoid data sharing for monitoring of compliance but for common goals, inform urban policy-making and planning



## **Enabling data reporting between MDMS partners**

### **Status quo**

- Limited data sharing between players to understand MaaS' usage & impact on sustainability
- Little data is being collected by MDMS and therefore shared

## **Challenges**

 Difficult to understand the impact of MDMS usage on sustainability, modal shift, multimodality

- Understand what barriers are preventing the collection of data from MDMS
- Define rules governing data exchanges between MDMS actors
- Assess the uptake of multimodal transportation and modal shift away from private cars



## Allowing access to public transport APIs

## **Status quo**

- Pricing bundles & intermodal packages as a prerequisite to making MaaS a true alternative to cars
- TIER piloted two bundle offers with integrated public transport tickets that yielded promising results
- More public transport operators showing interest in piloting bundles

## **Challenges**

- Fragmented regulation governing the sale of public transport tickets in private MaaS apps
- Bundle pilots took place
   Switzerland and Finland
   where local legislation made it possible

- Allow private MaaS operators to sell public transport tickets
- Build attractive pricing bundles for the end-user, whilst keeping public transport as the backbone of MaaS



# Change Mobility for Good.

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