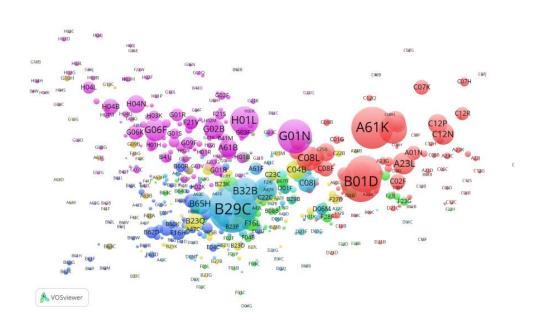
Measuring the technological coherence of environmental technologies with the industry knowledge base

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Knowledge as a network



The dynamic aspects of the network of knowledge

- Knowledge-base lifecycle:
 - Emergence of new knowledge types: few connections;
 - Maturity: new links and increasing connectivity;
 - The network density reflects different phases of the KB lifecycle.

Proposal

Studying knowledge combination in a network:

- Network structure: which nodes are connected?
- Strength of connections: which relations are more frequent?
- Nodes centrality: which nodes are more important?

The strategy is to

- Identify the patterns of the search for competences in the technological knowledge-base;
- Understand the results of knowledge combination;
- Apply this methodology to identify how the search for competences happens.

Objective

Evaluate the coherence of pieces of knowledge from the environment related technologies inside the industrial knowledge base considering:

- -Its centrality into the industrial base of knowledge;
- -Its relatedness with other pieces of knowledge.

Questions

Environmental technologies (ET) are:

Complex – linked to complex products

Pervasive - linked to a wide set of industries;

Recent – linked to new technological paradigms (renewal energies, bio-production, electric car, ...)

How ET inserts into the industrial bases of knowledge?

What kind of competences involve?

- -Central? associated with competitive advantages or new business
- -Background? associated with complementary assets
- -*Marginal*? sporadic

As ET are recent, would measures based on frequency capture the real role of this technologies into the industrial base of knowledge?

Measuring technological coherence as centrality in a network

Page Rank as a measure of centrality considers:

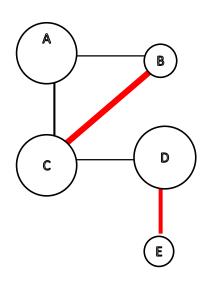
Frequency of nodes (UTK)

Number of links of one node to other UTKs (co-ocorrence)

Weights each UTK by the number of links that connect it with other UTKs in the network

Page-Rank ranks (orders) the UTKs in each base of knowledge

Centrality in a structure (base) of knowledge



A UTK can have low frequency and still have a strategic position in network if it is highly connected (Example: B or E)

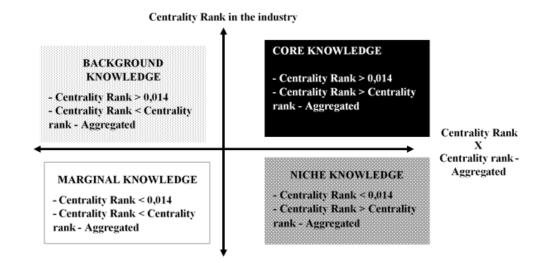
Measuring technological coherence

- We calculate a Centrality Rank for each industrial base of knowledge CR_j and for the whole industry CR_T
- We calculate the above indicator using the PRK values:

$$P_{ij} = \frac{p_{ij}}{p_j} \equiv \frac{1}{n} = 0.014$$

And instead RTA:

$$CR_j \le CR_T$$



Traditional methodolgy Combustion **Emissions Abatement and Fuel** Agriculture/Forestry (AF) **Energy conservation (EC)** techn. (CT) **Efficiency in Transportation (ET)** Integrated gasification combined cycle Thermal building insulation, in genera Storage of geothermal energy - Heat DEVICES-Measurement of electric energy lighting -Light Sources ntegrated emissions control (NOX) RECOVERING MECHANICAL Post-combustion emissions control (NOX, CO, HC, PM) Alternative irrigation techniques Marginal Combined cycle power plant or ENERGY -Mechanical devices Propulsing using electric motor Backgroung cycle gas turbine Storage of electrical energy Niche Core Forestry techniques Soil improvement Hibrig propulsion storage materials No compentences 30, HC, PM) Fuel efficiency BIOCIDES ombined o (JGCC) Agriculture, forestry NC NC Mining and quarrying NC NC Food, beverage and Textil, wear and NC Wood and Furniture NC NC NC NC NC NC Paper and printing NC NC NC NC NC Coke and petroleum NC NC NC Chemical NC Pharmaceutical NC NC NC Rubber and Plastic NC Other non metal NC NC NC Basic metals Metal products Computer, electronic Electrical equipment Machinary and Motor-vehicles NC Other transport NC Other manufacturing Serviços industriais Outros serviços Page Rank Agriculture, forestry N.C. N.C. N.C. N.C. Mining and quarrying N.C. N.C. Food, beverage and Textil, wear and N.C. N.C. N.C. Wood and Furniture N.C. N.C. N.C. Paper and printing N.C. N.C. N.C. N.C. Coke and petroleum N.C. N.C. N.C. N.C. Chemical N.C. N.C. N.C. Pharmaceutical Rubber and Plastic Other non metal N.C. N.C. Basic metals Metal products Computer, electronic Electrical equipment N.C. Machinary and Motor-vehicles Other transport N.C. Other manufacturing N.C. Serviços industriais

Outros serviços

Marginal Backgrour Niche	ß		Genera	al Envir	onment	al Man	nagemen	t (EV)		G emiss		origin	of non-fossil in - Biofuels (NF) Energy generation through renewable energy source (RE)									
Core No compe	ntences NC	Air pollution abatement	Water pollution abatement	Solid waste collection	Material recovery, recycling and re-us	Incineration and energy recovery	Landfilling and Waste management- Not elsewhere classified	Reclamation of contaminated soil	Environmental monitoring	Electrodes	Fuel cells	Hydrid cells	Solid Fuels	Liquid Fuels	Use of geothermal heat	Water power plants	Machines or engines for liquids	Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion	Photovoltaics (PV)	Use of solar heat	Propulsion of vehicles using solar and wind power	Structural association of electric generator with mecanical driving mote	
Sectors	Agriculture, forestry Mining and quarrying Food, beverage and Textil, wear and Wood and Furniture Paper and printing Coke and petroleum Chemical Pharmaceutical Rubber and Plastic Other non metal Basic metals					NC		NC	NC	NC	NC	NC NC NC				NC	NC NC NC NC NC	NC					
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Comparing methods to reveal the importance of environmental technologies in the industry base of knowledge

		Agriculture Forestry (AF)			tachnologias											Emissions Abatement and Fuel Efficiency in Transportation (ET)						General Environmental Management (EV)								Fuel of non- fossil origin - Biofuels		En	Energy generation through renewable energy sources (RE)								
		Forestry techniques	Alternative irrigation techniques	BIOCIDES	Soil improvement	Combined cycle power plant or combined cycle gas turbine	Integrated gasification combined cycle (IGCC)	Storage of electrical energy	DEVICES-Measurement of electric consumption	Storage of geothermal energy - Heat storage materials	ing -Lig	Inernal building insulation, in general DECOMEDING MECHANICAL	hanical d	Integrated emissions control (NOX, CO, HC, PM)	Post-combustion emissions control (NOX, CO, HC, PM)	Propulsing using electric motor	Hibrig propulsion	Fuel efficiency	Air pollution abatement	Water pollution abatement	ste collection		and energ	Landfilling and Waste management – Not elsewhere classified	Reclamation of contaminated soil	Environmental monitoring	Electrodes	Fuel cells	Hydnd cells	Solid Fuels	Liquid Fuels	Use of geothermal heat	ver plants	nes or engines for liqu	Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion	9	Use of solar heat Propulsion of vehicles using solar	l power	Electric generator - mecanical driving motor	TOTAL	
	M	8	11	8	12	14	10	7	9	11	5	8	12	7	4	9	12	10	0	0	14	0	10	9	13	11	5	4	9	11	0	12	5	10	10	0	8	4	11	30	B
By page-rank meth	В	0	0	7	0	0	0	8	0	0	10	4	0	8	10	8	0	2	11	14	0	8	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	13	0	0	0	0 1	15	7	6	2	13	<i>7</i>
age-r meth	N	6	9	0	4	5	7	0	3	6	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	6	9	11	0	9	5	0	0	3	3	5	0	0	0	0	10	12
y pe	C	0	0	6	5	1	2	5	2	4	6	9	1	6	7	3	4	7	10	7	0	13	10	10	1	0	4	14	0	5	8	9	0	0	0	6	6	11	8	19	0
	NC	7	1	0	0	1	2	1	7	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	5	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	3	0	0	0	13	8	6	0	0	0	0	6	66
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enc	В	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	5	6	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	7	0	0	0	0 1	10	0	0	0	49	ر,
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	C	1	0	5	1	1	1	3	0	1	5	8	0	5	6	2	1	2	8	10	2	12	1	1	0	0	0	8	0	1	8	1	0	0	0	6	5	6	4	(11:	5
	NC	7	1	0	0	1	2	1	7	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	5	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	3	0	0	0	13	8	6	0	0	0	0	66	5
Maximum	Maximum Value		21	21	21	21	21	21	21	. 21	1 21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	79	8

Source: author calculations based on data from EPO PATSTAT / EPO (2015) and Orbis / BvD (2013).

Thank you!

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