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# An assessment of water utilities efficiency using the Portuguese case

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### Introduction

- Portuguese experience in water management sector
- Measuring companies performance (operational, financial and global)
- Assessing Variables that affect performance





Water sector in Portugal has 3 subsector:

Drinking water supply service to domestic households:

- Upstream Groundwater abstraction, treatment, elevation, adduction
- Downstream Storage, distribution, consumption

Wastewater management service from domestic households:

- Downstream Discharge, drainage, retention
- Upstream Elevation, transport, treatment, rejection

Solid waste management services from domestic households:

- Downstream Waste production, Municipal waste collection / Separate collection
- Upstream Organic recovery/recycling, incineration, landfill



#### Figure 1: Evolution of Coverage Rate in the Water Sector



Coverage rates for population in water supply, wastewater collection and treatment according to National Water Regulator Report (source: RASAARP 2012). Coverage for 2011 refers to households.

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Figure 2: Distribution of different models of water supply downstream companies



Distribution of different models of water supply downstream companies

(source: RASAARP 2012, adapted and translated by the authors)



# Methodology



### Methodology

- 3 performance levels (overall, financial and quality)
- "Quality" addresses quality of service and sustainability
- Financial and quality performance are computed separately
- Each indicator is measured in a score from 1 to 5
- Overall efficiency = 40% financial performance + 60% quality performance



### **Assessment Methodology**

- Scorecards for each concession
- 3 groups of risk measurements
  - » Financial Risk
  - » Quality of Service Risk
  - » Construction Risk
- Weighted average of individual risk grades
- Simple methodology
  - » Common to the different industries
  - » Comparable among different entities
  - » Easy to aggregate to industry level



### Methodology-risk assessment

• Risk grade from 1 to 5

5 Best grade	4	3	2	1 Worst grade
Minimal risk				Maximal risk



### Methodology – uniform assessment

 Looking for a uniform measurement of risk, through common criteria in defining the scale (trying to remove subjectivity, which is impossible!)

5	4	3	2	1
Beat expectations	In line with expectations (base scenario or contract scenario)	Slightly below expectations	Below expectations	Way below expectations



### Methodology

Financial Performance				
Indicator	Formula			
Equity Ratio	Equity / Assets			
Exploration Margin	Operational Profit / Revenues			
Permanent Capital Coverage	Operational Profit / Permanent Capital			
Capitalization	Equity / Share Capital			
ACP	Average Collection Period			
% owned by AdP on the concession				
Quality Performance				
Service Availability				
Occurence of failures on the network				
Water safe for consumption				
Coverage Ratio				
Unbilled Water				
Reabilitation of distribution networks				
Suitability of Human Resources				
Respect of legal parameters				

#### Table 1 – Financial and quality indicators



### Methodology

*Yi* is the explained performance variable and can be the financial efficiency grade (*FinancialPerf<sub>i</sub>*), the quality efficiency grade (*ServiceQual<sub>i</sub>*) or the global (*GlobalPerf<sub>i</sub>*) efficiency grade. All 3 grades are defined in a range between 1 and 5

- concyear is the year that the concession was awarded.
- *concper* is the number of year of the concession.
- contractchanges is the number of changes in the contract, in terms of contract extensions.
- *public* is a dummy variable capturing whether the project is managed by private companies or state owned entities
- *land* is defined as the area served by the company, measured in square kilometres.
- **houses** is a variable that considers the number (in thousand) of households covered in the area of the concession.
- workers measures the number of workers in each company.
- **EPAL** is a dummy variable referring to the upstream water supply company in Lisbon, named EPAL.







### Results



**Figure 1 – Histogram of global performance** 



### Results – entire sample

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
VARIABLES	GlobalPerf	FinancialPerf	ServiceQual	GlobalPerf	FinancialPerf	ServiceQual
Concyear	-0.0358***	-0.0357***	-0,0358***	-0.043***	-0.0378***	-0.04643***
-	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0,01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Concper	-0.0005	-0.0068	0,0037	0.001	-0.0065	0.00596
	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0,01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Contractchanges	0.0467	0.0114	0,0702	0.0226	0.0066	0.03335
-	(0.06)	(0.07)	(0,07)	(0.06)	(0.07)	(0.07)
Public	-0.1308	-0.0360	-0,1943*	-0.1551*	-0.0438	-0.22958**
	(0.09)	(0.11)	(0,12)	(0.09)	(0.11)	(0.11)
Land	-0.00006***	-0.00009***	0**	-0.0001***	-0.0001***	-0.00003*
	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0)	(0.00)	(0)	(0.00)
Houses	0.0003	-0.0001	0,0006**	0.0004*	-0.00004	0.00065**
	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0)	(0.00)	(0)	(0.00)
Workers	0.0011**	0.0023***	0,0003	0.0009*	0.0022***	-0.00004
	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0)	(0.00)	(0)	(0.00)
EPAL	-1.1996***	-1.1713**	-1,2171**	-1.3169***	-1.2011**	-1.3928**
	(0.43)	(0.54)	(0,57)	(0.42)	(0.55)	(0.55)
2008.Year				0.0413	-0.0649	0.11269
				(0.09)	(0.12)	(0.12)
2009.Year				0.1192	-0.0617	0.24024**
				(0.09)	(0.12)	(0.12)
2010.Year				0.167*	0.009	0.27243**
				(0.09)	(0.12)	(0.12)
2011.Year				0.2872***	0.0463	0.44805***
				(0.09)	(0.11)	(0.12)
Intercent	74 64***	75 73***	74 189***	80 02***	70 55***	05 26***
Intercept	(16.93)	(21.38)	(22, 24)	(17.12)	(22.08)	(22 33)
	(10.93)	(21.38)	(22,24)	(17.12)	(22.08)	(22.33)
Observations	280	280	280	280	280	280
R-squared	0.23	0.22	0.13	0.27	0.23	0.18

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### Results summary – entire sample

Variable	Global perf	Financial perf	Service Qual
Concyear	- ***	_ ***	- ***
Public	- *	n.s	_ **
Land	_ ***	_ ***	_ ***
Houses	+ *	n.s	+ **
Workers	+ **	+ **	n.s
EPAL	_ ***	_ **	_ **



### Results – upstream

	(1)	(2)	(3)
VARIABLES	GlobalPerf	FinancialPerf	ServiceQual
Concyear	-0.0505***	-0.0358*	-0.0602***
	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.02)
Concper	0.0004	-0.0272***	0.0188*
	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Contractchanges	-0.0032	0.1819	-0.1265
_	(0.09)	(0.12)	(0.12)
Public	-0.1562	-0.1523	-0.1596
	(0.14)	(0.18)	(0.19)
Land	-0.00004**	-0.0001***	0.
	(0)	(0)	(0.00)
Houses	0.0007**	0.0002	0.001***
	(0)	(0)	(0.00)
Workers	-0.0001	0.0014	-0.0011
	(0)	(0)	(0.00)
EPAL	-1.151*	-0.3876	-1.6577**
	(0.6)	(0.79)	(0.82)
2008.Year	0.0427	-0.1113	0.1457
	(0.11)	(0.15)	(0.16)
2009.Year	0.1292	-0.2295	0.3685**
	(0.11)	(0.15)	(0.15)
2010.Year	0.1713	-0.2257	0.4353***
	(0.11)	(0.15)	(0.16)
2011.Year	0.3089***	-0.1056	0.5852***
	(0.11)	(0.15)	(0.15)
Intercept	104.08***	76.39**	122.34***
	(27.96)	(36.46)	(37.91)
Observations	158	158	158
R-squared	0.35	0.36	0.25

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### Results summary - upstream

Variable	Global perf	Financial perf	Service Qual
Concyea r	- ***	_ ***	_ ***
Public	n.s	n.s	n.s
Land	_ ***	_ ***	n.s
Houses	+ *	n.s	+ **
Workers	n.s	n.s	n.s
EPAL	_ ***	n.s	_ **



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### Results - downstream

	(1)	(2)	(3)
VARIABLES	GlobalPerf	FinancialPerf	ServiceQual
Concyear	-0.0380***	-0.0367***	-0.0389***
5	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Concper	0.0021	0.0169*	-0.0078
-	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Contractchanges	0.0347	-0.1385	0.1502
C C	(0.08)	(0.09)	(0.1)
Public	-0.2208	-0.1761	-0.25
	(0.3)	(0.35)	(0.36)
Land	0.00005	-0.0001	0
	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
Houses	-0.0028	0.0012	-0.0054
	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
Workers	0.0024	0.002	0.0026
	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
2008.Year	0.0454	0.0269	0.0587
	(0.16)	(0.19)	(0.19)
2009.Year	0.1165	0.1998	0.062
	(0.16)	(0.18)	(0.19)
2010.Year	0.1734	0.3745	0.0407
	(0.15)	(0.18)	(0.19)
2011.Year	0.2594*	0.2679**	0.2546
	(0.15)	(0.18)	(0.18)
Intercept	78.96***	76.43***	80.69***
1	(24.03)	(27.88)	(28.88)
Observations	122	122	122
R-squared	0.17	0.20	0.15

### Results summary - downstream

Variable	Global perf	Financial perf	Service Qual
Concyea r	_ ***	_ ***	_ ***
Public	n.s	n.s	n.s
Land	n.s	n.s	n.s
Houses	n.s	n.s	n.s
Workers	n.s	n.s	n.s



## Conclusions



### Conclusions

- Early concessions perform better
- Experience (age of concession) is a significant variable in improving performance
- Private sector performs better in quality but not in financial performance

