



Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment

10th Florence, Rail Forum May 18, 2015

How to increase
of the network
rail freightcapacity and usage
with the

18 May 2015





How to increase capacity and usage of the network with the rail freight corridors?

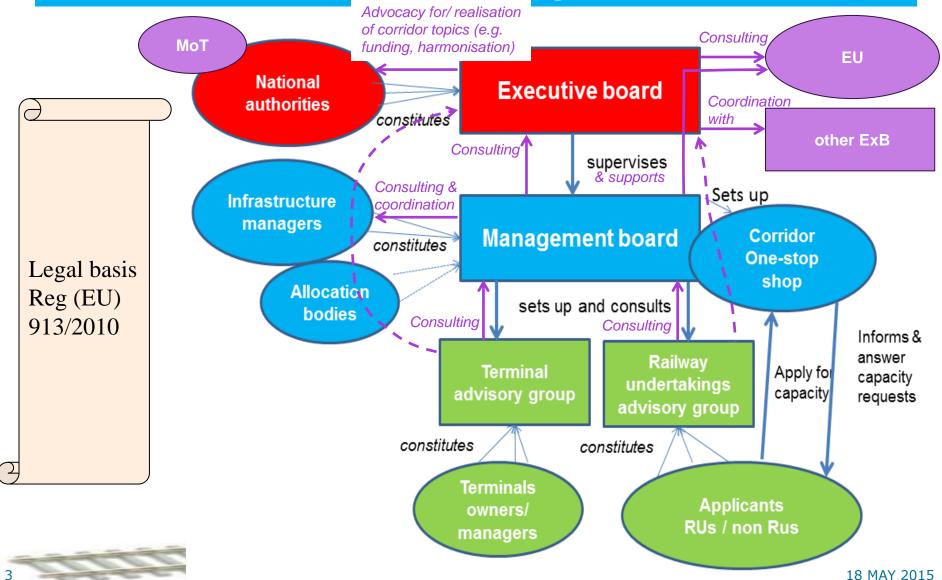
- **1. How the RFCs work?**
- 2. What are the key competences of the RFCs?
- 3. Experience of RFC North Sea Mediterranean
- 4. Experience of RFC Rhine Alpine
- 5. Cooperation of RFCs towards a European Network
- 6. Priorities & next steps







1. How the RFCs work? With a governance structure!







2. What are the key competences of the RFCs?

(1) **Operational** implementation competence

All the activities related to the capacity management : coordination of works – C-OSS – Capacity allocation – Traffic management (articles 12 to 17 of Reg 913/2010)

(2) Collecting of <u>information</u> competence

- Transport Market study (articles 9 of Reg 913/2010)
- Indicative Investment plan (including an ERTMS deployment plan & a Capacity management plan (Bottlenecks identification) (art 11 of Reg 913/2010)
- Corridor Information Document (Art 18 of Reg 913/2010)





2.a Role of the Executive Board?

(1) **Deciding about:**

- Framework Capacity Allocation
- Corridor Implementation Plan

(2) Governance of the corridor

- Cooperation on public financing of the corridor;
- Supervising Management Board;
- Cooperation with regulatory bodies and National Safety Authorities;
- Stakeholder involvement





2.a Role of the Executive Board?

(3) Responsibilities:

- Taking care of national legal prerequisites
- Supporting the corridors in harmonisation
- Harmonisation with ExB of other corridors
- Consulting the EU in interpretation and revision of regulations and set up of funding programs (in coordination with RFCs and IMs)
- Development of a coordinated strategy for a corridor network and governance on ministry level

(4) Dual-Governance situations

• Coordination with other ExB





2.a Role of the executive board?

Content Framework Capacity Allocation (2012, revised 2014):

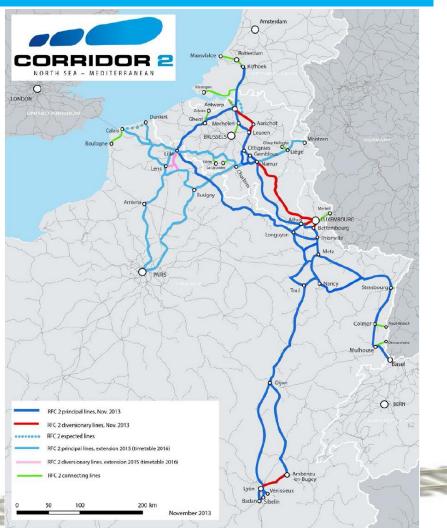
- Principles of procedure and offer of C-OSS
- Priority rules in case of conflicting demands for prearranged and network pre-arranged train paths;
- > Definition of regulatory control
- Definition of monitoring and KPIs





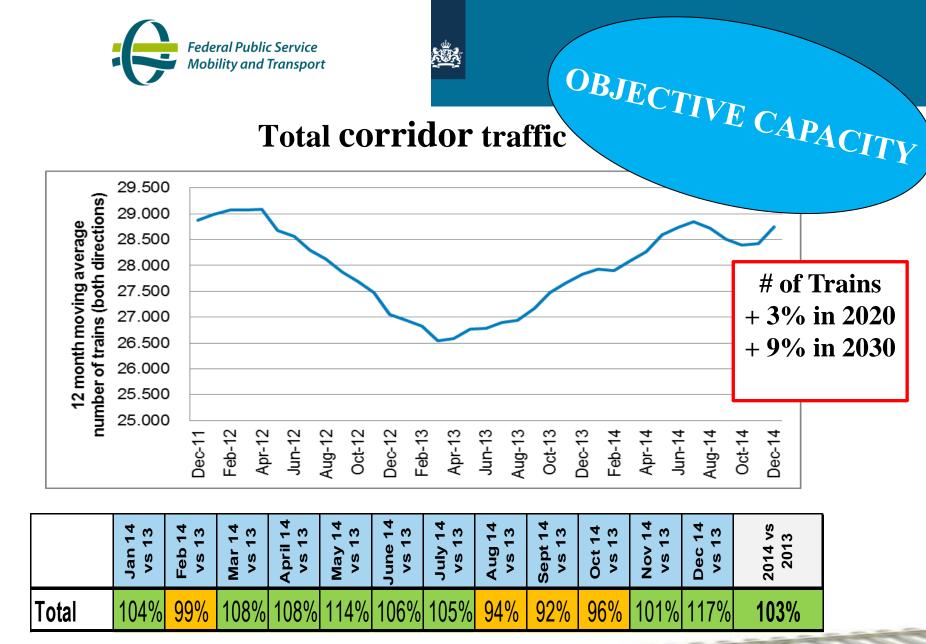
3. Experience of RFC North Sea - Mediterranean





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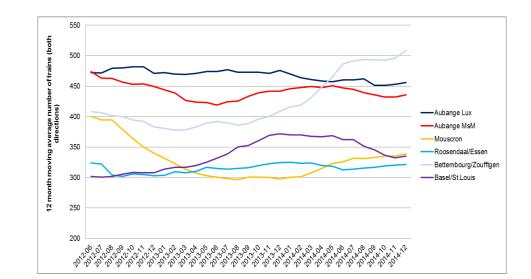
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Cross border traffic

Comparison to last year	Aubange/Rodange	Aubange/Mont-Saint-Martin	Mouscron/Tourcoing	Roosendaal/Essen	Bettembourg/Zoufftgen	Basel/St.Louis	
Jan 14 vs 13	114%	102%	113%	85%	131%	95%	
Feb 14 vs 13	103%	94%	105%	85%	125%	99%	
Mar 14 vs 13	126%	102%	105%	92%	143%	90%	
April 14 vs 13	131%	87%	96%	93%	148%	86%	
May 14 vs 13	140%	95%	107%	97%	142%	107%	
June 14 vs 13	110%	78%	91%	108%	167%	82%	
July 14 vs 13	123%	105%	94%	100%	125%	101%	
Aug 14 vs 13	97%	106%	84%	104%	126%	82%	
Sept 14 vs 13	106%	105%	91%	75%	110%	95%	
Oct 14 vs 13	108%	108%	92%	99%	103%	92%	
Nov 14 vs 13	101%	105%	99%	105%	116%	94%	
Dec 14 vs 13	119%	106%	112%	108%	171%	119%	
2014 vs 2013	114%	99%	99%	96%	133%	95%	



10





Demand C-OSS RFC North Sea - Mediterranean

<u># Dossiers</u> 2014 : 63

- An increased offer on historic lines + addition of axes Liège-Dunkerque, Lille-Calais and Lille-Paris
- NetPaPs with RFC Rhine Alpine + harmonised PaPs with Atlantic and Mediterranean Rail Freight Corridors
- All PaPs published are classic 'fix' PaPs

2015: 118





Overview of Request April 2015

- A total of **118** dossiers were submitted to the C-OSS (63 last year)
- 9,2 million KMs were published (7,3 for TT2015)

→+ 25%

• 6,1 million KMs were requested (2,8 for TT2015)

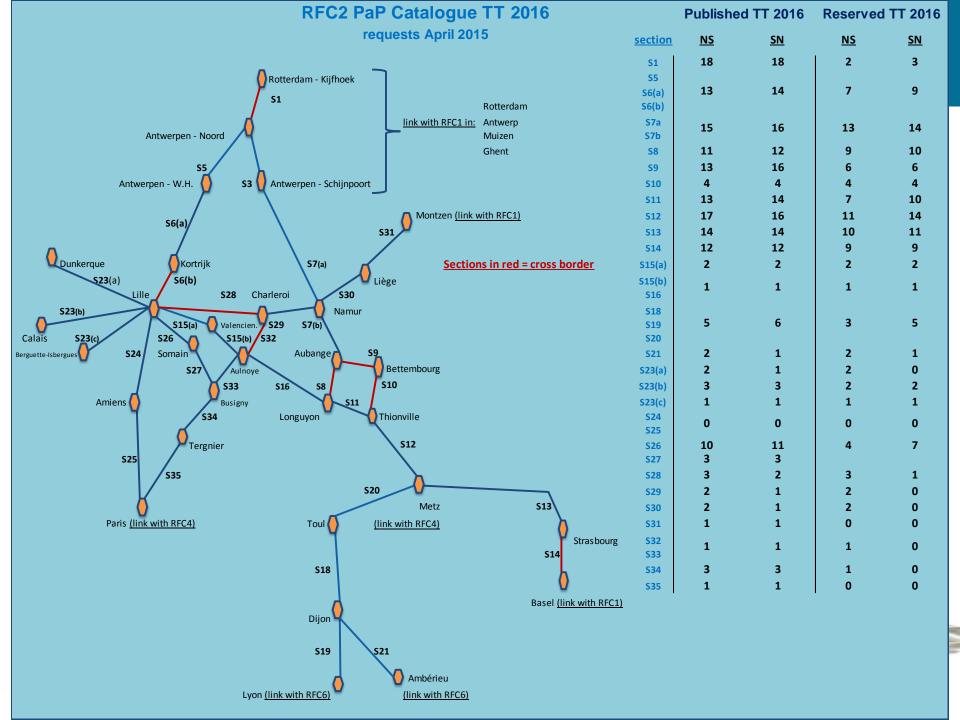
→+ 113%

→65,7% requested taking into account double bookings

• 5 million KMs were allocated (2,8 for TT2015)

→+ 76%

→54,3% requested (38,6% for TT2015)







OBJECTIVE ERTMS

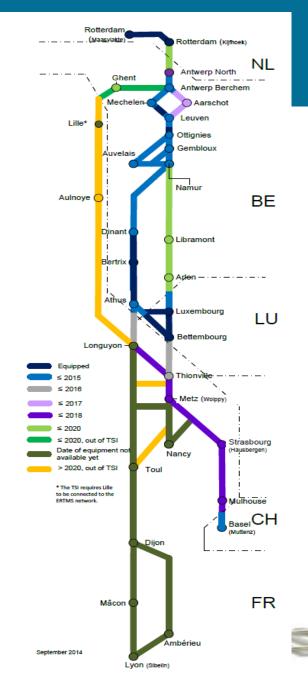
• ERTMS deployment

First corridor equipped in ERTMS between Antwerp and Basel by 2019

Cooperation with NSA

Harmonised planning for Authorisation of the infrastructure on the border sections

Harmonisation for the operational rules







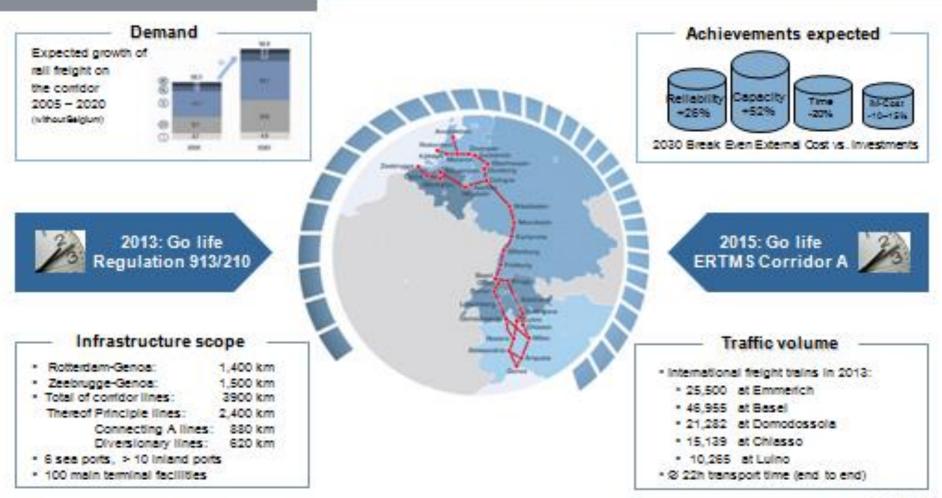
4. Experience of RFC Rhine - Alpine







The corridor business plan was the basis for defining scope, goals and expected achievements

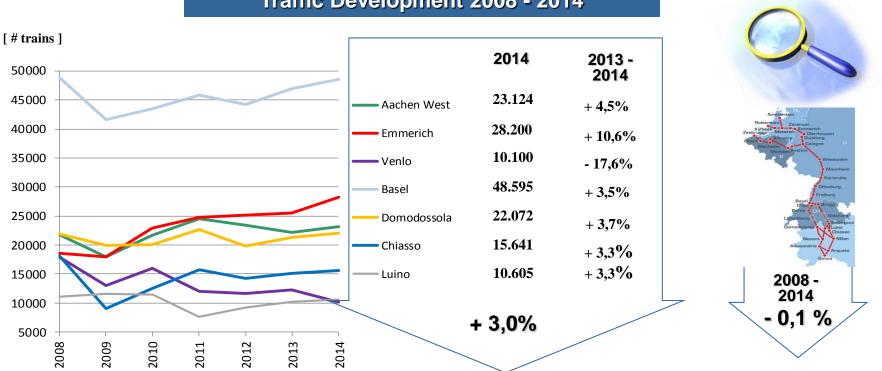


EPMO (S.Wendel), UIC GTE meeting Pregue, 47.03.2015









Traffic Development 2008 - 2014

- Positive traffic development despite still stagnating economy. Dynamic slowed down in the second half of the year due to strikes in Germany and Belgium as well as severe weather conditions in Italy.
- Inclusion of Venlo as diversionary route because traffic to/from The Netherlands divides between the two neighbouring border crossings.
- Conventional wagon load to and from Italy continues an impressive recovery, rate of increase overwhelmed combined traffic. Thereby Chiasso has been established as a central platform for shunting activities.

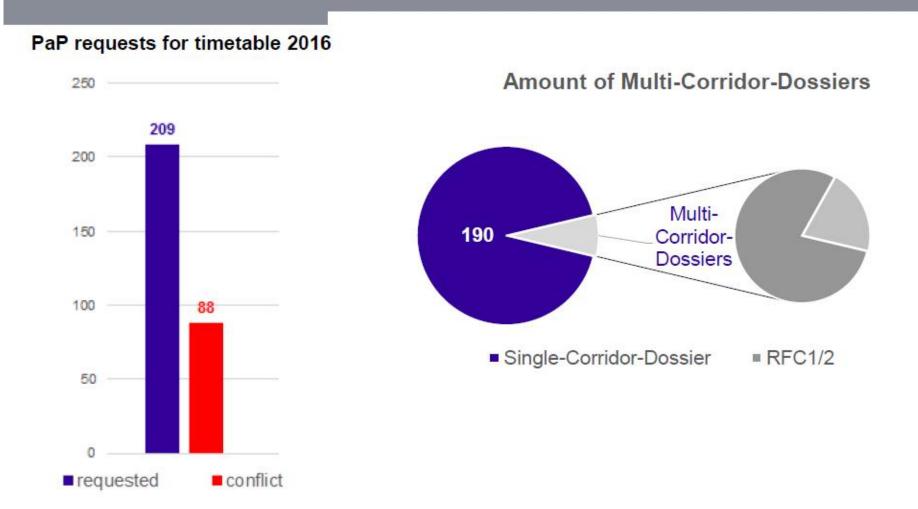
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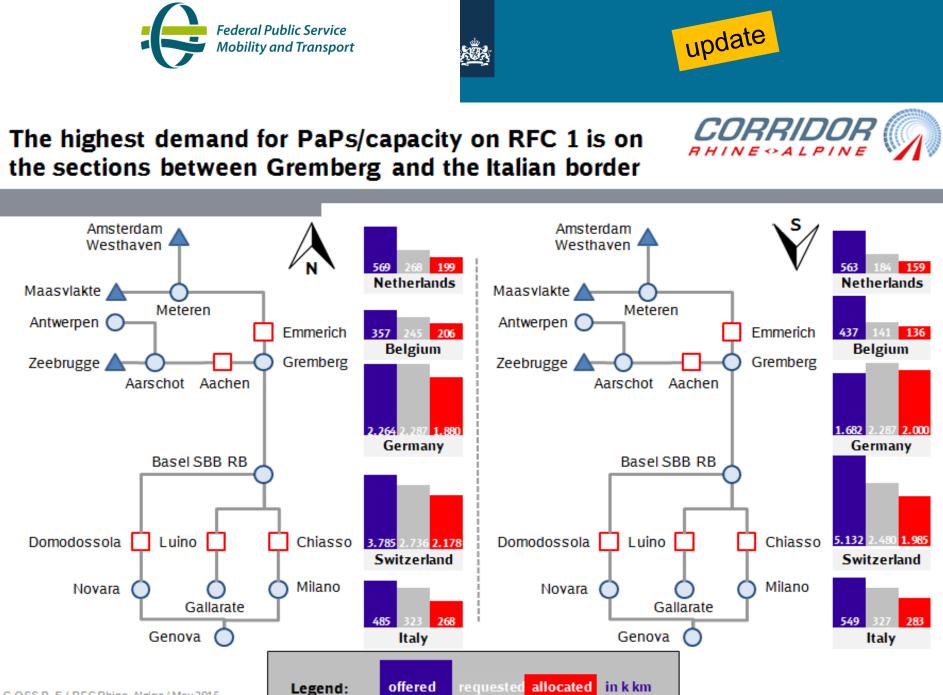




RFC RALP unites 41% of PaP request on the European network. Additional 4% are multi-corridor request



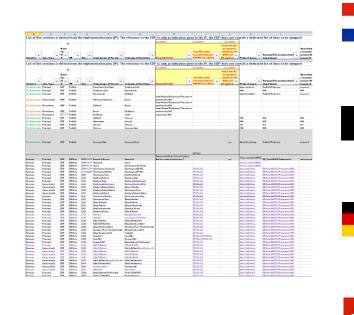




C-OSS P. E./ RFC Rhine-Alpine / May 2015



Revised Corridor RFC RALP 23 April 2015ERTMS



EDP lines completed and in operation

Planning underway- deployment in 2020

Planning underway, border CH/node Basel until 12/2016

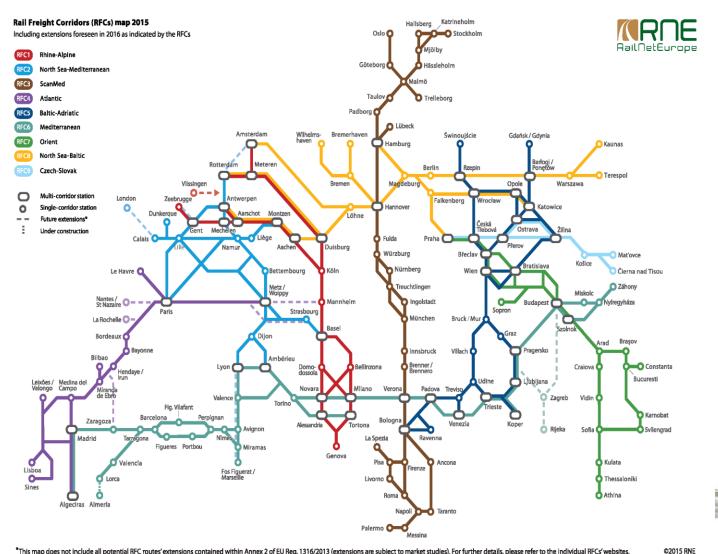
Deployment in CH is on time but border sections by end of 2016

Planning underway, border sections 2016





5. Cooperation of RFCs towards a European Network









Cooperation of the stakeholders = Key factor of success



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Rail Net Europe

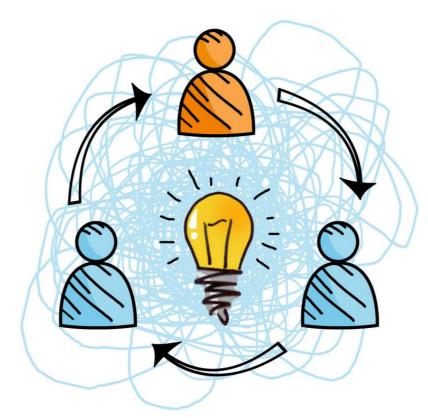
- \Rightarrow European organisation of IMs
- \Rightarrow service provider of tools and methods
- ⇒ Development of common guidelines on implementation of Reg (EU) 913/2010
- ⇒Path Coordination System : PCS

 \Rightarrow Train Information System : **TIS**





Cooperation of the stakeholders = Key factor of success



MB Talk's

- ⇒ Meeting of the Managing Director of the RFC's
- \Rightarrow Exchange of best practice

RAG for all RFCs

- \Rightarrow Avoidance of repetition
- \Rightarrow Key massages





Cooperation of the stakeholders = Key factor of success



Workshop with all Ministries

- ⇒Cooperation to define an harmonised Framework for capacity allocation on the 9 RFCs
- ⇒ Achievement in 2014 : 6 out of the 9 approved the same FCA
- $\Rightarrow Next workshop 21^{st} of May 2015$







6. Priorities & Next steps

• Interoperability

- Border zones, language requirements for drivers by end of 2015 (RFC Rhine Alpine)
- ERTMS, roll out plan ready by end of 2015 (RFCs Rhine Alpine & North Sea-Med)
- Infrastructure investments enabling 740m long trains (RFC Rhine Alpine & North Sea-Med);
- Loading gauge study (RFC North Sea-Med)
- Customs (RFC Rhine Alpine)





6. Priorities & Next steps

- Cooperation
 - To keep coordinating with NSAs & RBs
 - To strengthen cooperation amongst MoTs / ExBo
 - To optimize the involvement of the terminals & operators (Potential role of ICT)
 - To strengthen the cooperation for the operational deployment of ERTMS





6. Priorities & Next steps

- Capacity
 - Gain experience in allocation in order to improve PCS and corridor product (PaP & Reserve of capacity)
 - Implementation of TAF TSI will bring important support

Long term objective :

The RFCs will be the entity to allocate all the international freight capacity on corridors.







Contact Julie Buy (julie.buy@mobilit.fgov.be), Hinne Groot (<u>hinne.groot@minienm.nl</u>);





Overview of conflict

- Last year, no conflicts were detected on RFC2 lines. For 2 multicorridor requests, there was a conflict on RFC1 lines.
- This year, for 24 requests, a conflict occurred
 - For 1 request the conflict was only on RFC1 lines
 - For 2 requests the conflict was only on RFC6 lines
 - →21 'pure' RFC2 dossiers in conflict

→One alternative was proposed but rejected (axe Antwerp-Somain)
On the 24 requests were conflicts occurred => 11 have been satisfied





Lessons learned

- C-OSS's serving a market: increased offer TT 2015, substantial # requests and increasing # applicants;
- Further improved harmonisation of the **offer between RFC NSM and RALP in Basel**;
- Flexible PaP's increased C-OSS offer and reduced # capacity conflicts on RFC RALP
- A considerable **improvement of ICT** (i.a. PCS / CIS) is necessary, on the client side, on the managing of the requests side, and on IM/AB side.
- Improving the communication to/with the customer remains vital → some applicants asked for several PaPs via the national tools instead of PCS, and subsequently lost some paths



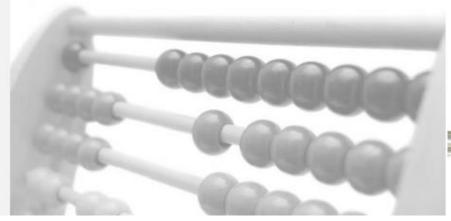


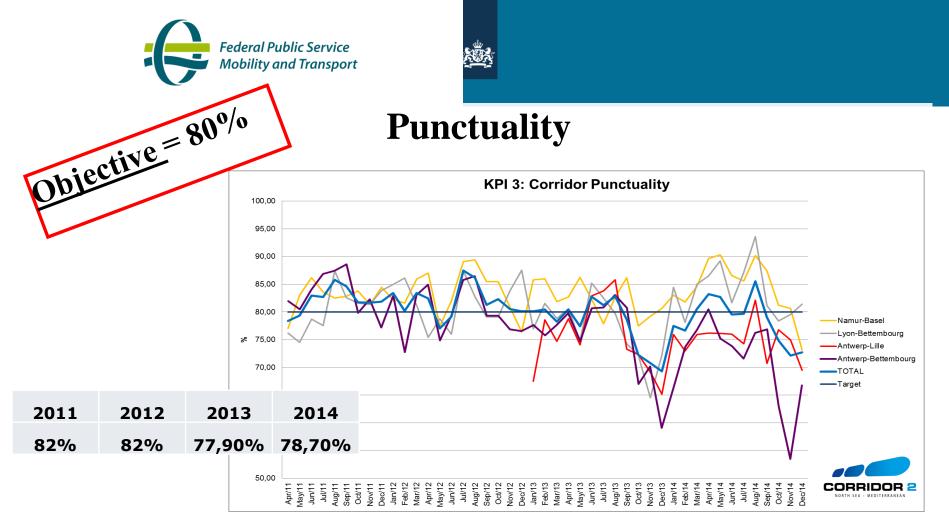
RU appreciate the improvements regarding the offer of PaPs on RFC RALP



Key Findings – Pre-Allocation TT 2016

- About the same amount of requests as last year although more complex IT workflow
- Flex-PaP a good market oriented product
- PCS needs to be improved to support easy placing PaP request
- less conflicts due to Flex-PaP approach
- more applicants use the corridor
- new traffic request and use of PaPs
- better quality of PaP requests
- transparency described terms and condition in CID Book IV
- faster pre-allocation to offer alternatives in tailor-made process





	Jan 14 vs 13	Feb 14 vs 13	Mar 14 vs 13	April 14 vs 13	May 14 vs 13	June 14 vs 13	July 14 vs 13	Aug 14 vs 13	Sept 14 vs 13	Oct 14 vs 13	Nov 14 vs 13	Dec 14 vs 13	2014 vs 2013	
Total	97%	95%	103%	103%	107%	96%	98%	103%	101%	104%	102%	105%	101%	NUL.





Rail freight traffic development NL – German border (#trains)

border	2013	2014	%
Zevenaar	25500	28200	+11%
Venlo	12550	10100	-19%
Oldenzaal	3500	2900	-18%
Total	41550	41200	-1%