



2nd European Rail Transport Regulation Forum

Performance and Governance in Railway Markets

Issues and introduction to the workshop

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Introduction

- Third event after ...
 - First ERailTRF, 9 April 2010
 - Workshop on "Aims, the models, and the powers or rail regulation", 15 November 2010
- Today: performance in railways and its relationship with market organization
- Three main questions ...
 - What is performance in railways?
 - How can it be achieved?
 - Does market organization matter? ... and especially how?
- As always, a multi-stakeholder dialogue with ...
 - railway regulators
 - regulated companies (transport operators and infrastructure managers)
 - an authority in charge of procuring rail services
 - representatives of the European Commission





Importance of the topic

- Performance is becoming increasingly important ...
 - because governments link their increasingly scarce financial resources to performance (pressures on the historical operator, <u>competitive tendering</u>), and
 - because competition is offering choices to consumers (open access)
- However, measuring performance from these two perspectives – i.e., government and consumer expectations – is a relatively <u>new</u> thing for railways
- This is even more complicated as we are moving towards an ever more <u>fragmented</u> railway system, where nobody, alone, can be responsible for performance





Importance of the topic II

- According to <u>economic theory</u>, the market will, almost miraculously, lead to better performance, at least when it comes to short-term economic performance (allocative efficiency)
- However, the market in the railway sector today is basically limited to "<u>regulated competition</u>"
- Moreover, <u>performance</u> in the railway sector, is a complicated matter: allocative efficiency is not all the performance there is in railways: other performance measures pertain to ...
 - dynamic performance
 - social performance
 - operational performance
 - technical performance
 - environmental performance





Importance of the topic III

- At least for allocative efficiency, and probably for all other performance objectives, <u>market organization</u> almost certainly matters
- At least the four following <u>dimensions</u> seem to matter:
 - existence/absence of a monopoly
 - type of unbundling (or not)
 - access to essential facilities, especially stations
 - the nature and powers of regulation (as discussed in our last workshop)
- But what exactly matters, how it matters, and how all this affects railway system performance is the topic of this workshop





Structure of the day

- We have an impressive set of <u>speakers</u> from ...
 - the EC (Jost)
 - CER (Christie)
 - EPTO (Möllmann)
 - EIM (Malheiro)
 - Academia (Nilsson, Smith)
 - procuring authority (Bundgaard, DK)
 - regulators (MacMahon, ORR; Andersson, S)
 - operators (Miram, DB; Elzinga, NS; Messulam, SNCF; Kern, SBB)
- Equally impressive <u>participants</u> who, I hope, will actively participate in our discussions
- And some <u>PhD students</u> who will present their work during the Graduate Transport Regulation seminar of tomorrow and after tomorrow





9.20-10.00	What is performance in railways? How can it be achieved? (How) does market organization matter? Speaker: Frank Jost, EC DG MOVE, Unit D2 - Rail Transport and Interoperability
10.00-11.00	What is performance in railways? How can it be achieved? (How) does market organization matter? The view of the operators Speakers:
	 Edward Christie, Economic Adviser, CER (Community of European Railways and Infrastructure Companies) Jan Möllmann, Secretary General, EPTO (European Passenger Transport Operators)
11.00-11.20	Coffee break
11.20-11.50	What is performance in railways? How can it be achieved? (How) does market organization matter? Speaker: • Ana Malheiro, Manager of Legal and Regulatory Affairs, EIM (European Rail Infrastructure Managers)
11.50-12.15	Comparing three models for introduction of competition into railways - is a Big Wolf so Bad after all? A presentation by Chris Nash (ITS Leeds, United Kingdom), Jan-Eric Nilsson (VTI, Sweden), and Heike Link (DIW, Germany) Speaker: Jan-Eric Nilsson, Professor, VTI, Sweden
12.15-12.40	Measuring the Success of Rail Reforms A presentation by Andrew Smith (ITS Leeds, United Kingdom) and Jan-Eric Nilsson (VTI, Sweden) Speaker: • Andrew Smith, Senior Lecturer, ITS and Leeds University Business School, UK





13.40-14.05	What is performance in railways? How can it be achieved? (How) does market organization matter? The view of a procuring authority Speaker: Nicolai Bundgaard, Contract manager, Trafikstyrelsen, Denmark
14.05-14.55	What is performance in railways? How can it be achieved? (How) does market organization matter? The view of the regulators Speakers: Paul McMahon, Deputy Director, Market and Economics, Office of Rail Regulation, UK Mats Andersson, Chief of Staff, Road and Rail Division, Transportstyrelsen, Sweden
14.55-15.45	What is performance in railways? How can it be achieved? (How) does market organization matter? The view of the operators Speakers: • Frank Miram, Head of Regulatory Affairs, Deutsche Bahn, Germany • Renée Elzinga, Head of Unit, Regulatory Affairs & Compliance, Nederlandse Spoorwegen, The Netherlands
15.45-16.05	Coffee break
16.05-16.55	What is performance in railways? How can it be achieved? (How) does market organization matter? The view of the operators Speakers: • Pierre Messulam, Director of Railway Strategy and Regulatory Affairs, SNCF, France • Marcus Kern, Regulatory and International Affairs, SBB-CFF-FFS, Switzerland
16.55-17.30	Summary and closure • Matthias Finger, FSR-T and EPFL



